Synthesis of hexaamminecobalt(III) chloride

Summary of the analysed protocols

$2\text{CoCl}_2 + 10\text{NH}_3 + 2\text{NH}_4\text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]\text{Cl}_3 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	(1)
$4\text{CoCl}_2 + 4\text{NH}_4\text{Cl} + 20\text{NH}_3 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]\text{Cl}_3 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	(2)
$4Co(C_2H_3O_2)_2 \cdot 4H_2O + 4NH_4C_2H_3O_2 + 20NH_3 + O_2 + 12HCl \rightarrow 4[Co(NH_3)_6]Cl_3 + 18H_2O + 12CH_3COOH$	(3)
Protocol A ^{1,2}	
Reaction (\mathbf{R}_1): equation (1) 195% exc. ammonium chloride 608% exc. ammonia solution 271% exc. h	nvdrogen
perovide water and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances) 0° C $<$ T $< 100^{\circ}$ C	iyurogen
Isolation (I ₁): filtration (suction)	
Purification (Pu ₁): recrystallization – dissolution (hot water and concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow heating \rightarrow	filtration
\rightarrow cooling (ice bath) \rightarrow filtration \rightarrow washing (cold ethanol) \rightarrow drying (air)	muunon
Protocol B ³	
Reaction (R ₁): \equiv Pr A (scale decreased to half)	
Isolation (II): $\equiv \Pr A$	
Purification (Pu_1): \equiv Pr A (scale decreased to half)	
$\frac{\mathbf{Protocol} \ \mathbf{C}^4}{\mathbf{Protocol} \ \mathbf{C}^4}$	
Desction (B ₂): equation (1) 105% are ammonium chloride 608% are ammonia solution 462% are b	vdrogen
EXAMPLE Reaction (12), 195% CXC. animometin chloride, 000% CXC. animoma solution, 402% CXC. I perovide water and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances) 0.9° C \times T $\times 100.9^{\circ}$	iyulogen
$\mathbf{Lolotion} (\mathbf{L}) = \mathbf{Pr} \Lambda$	
$\mathbf{Durification} \ (\mathbf{Dur}) = \mathbf{Dr} \ \mathbf{A}$	
$\frac{\Gamma(\mathbf{r}(\mathbf{u}))}{\Gamma(\mathbf{u})} = \Gamma(\mathbf{A})$	
Protocol D ⁻ Departion (D): equation (1) 105% are emperium chloride 74% are emperie solution 84% are hydrogen a	anovido
Reaction (R3): equation (1), 195% exc. animomum chloride, 74% exc. animoma solution, 84% exc. hydrogen p	beroxide,
water and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances), $0^{\circ}C < 1 < 100^{\circ}C$	
Isolation (I1): \equiv Pr A	
Purification (Pu ₂): recrystallization – dissolution (water and boiling concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow filti	$ration \rightarrow$
cooling (ice bath) \rightarrow filtration (suction) \rightarrow drying (air)	
$\mathbf{Protocol} \mathbf{E}^{\mathbf{v},\mathbf{v}}$	
Reaction (R4): equation (1), 195% exc. ammonium chloride, 74% exc. ammonia solution, 66% exc. hydrogen p	peroxide,
water and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances), $T \sim 100$ °C	
Isolation (I ₁): \equiv Pr A	
Purification (Pu ₃): recrystallization – dissolution (water and boiling concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow filti	ration \rightarrow
cooling (ice bath) \rightarrow filtration	
Protocol F ³	
Reaction (R ₅): equation (1), 195% exc. ammonium chloride, 74% exc. ammonia solution, 66% exc. hydrogen p	peroxide,
water and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances), T ~ 100 °C	
Isolation (I_1) : \equiv Pr A	
Purification (Pu ₄): recrystallization – dissolution (water and boiling concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow filter	ration \rightarrow
cooling (ice bath) \rightarrow filtration (suction) \rightarrow washing (acetone) \rightarrow drying (desiccator)	
Protocol G ⁹	
Reaction (R ₆): equation (1), 185% exc. ammonium chloride, 103% exc. ammonia solution, 808% exc. h	nydrogen
peroxide, water and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances), T ~ 100 °C	
Isolation (I ₂): filtration (suction) \rightarrow washing (cold water)	
Purification (Pu ₅): recrystallization – dissolution (hot water and concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow filtration –	cooling
(ice bath) \rightarrow filtration (gravity) \rightarrow washing (ethanol \rightarrow ethyl ether) \rightarrow drying (air)	
Protocol H ¹⁰	
Reaction (R7): equation (2), 200% exc. ammonium chloride, 65% exc. ammonia solution, water and activated	charcoal
(auxiliary substances), room temperature	
Isolation (I ₁): \equiv Pr A	
Purification (Pu ₆): recrystallization – dissolution (water and concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow heating \rightarrow filt	ration \rightarrow
cooling (ice bath) \rightarrow filtration \rightarrow washing (ethanol) \rightarrow drying (oven at 80-100 °C)	

Protocol I ¹¹
Reaction (\mathbf{R}_7): = Pr H (scale enlarged 5 times)
Isolation (I ₁): \equiv Pr A
Purification (Pu ₆): \equiv Pr H (scale enlarged 5 times)
Protocol J ¹²
Reaction (R ₈): equation (2), 200% exc. ammonium chloride, 72% exc. ammonia solution, water and activated charcoal
(auxiliary substances), room temperature
Isolation (I ₁): \equiv Pr A
Purification (Pu ₇): recrystallization – dissolution (water and concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow heating \rightarrow filtration \rightarrow
cooling (ice bath) \rightarrow filtration (suction) \rightarrow washing (ethanol) \rightarrow drying (air)
Protocol K ^{13,14}
Reaction (R ₉): \equiv Pr H (scale enlarged 25 times, but with different amount of activated charcoal)
Isolation (I ₁): \equiv Pr A
Purification (Pu ₈): \equiv Pr H (but with different amounts of solvents)
Protocol L ¹⁵
Departion (D ₁), accustion (2), staichiometric manuficus of achelt(II) spatiate ammonium apotate and hydrophlaric acid

Reaction (**R**₁₀): equation (3), stoichiometric proportions of cobalt(II) acetate, ammonium acetate and hydrochloric acid, methanol and activated charcoal (auxiliary substances), room temperature **Isolation** (**I**₃): filtration \rightarrow washing (ethanol \rightarrow ethyl ether) \rightarrow drying (air)

Purification (Pu₉): recrystallization – dissolution (hot water and concentrated hydrochloric acid) \rightarrow filtration \rightarrow washing (ethanol \rightarrow ethyl ether) \rightarrow drying (air)

 $\alpha \rightarrow -$ Sequential

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